UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE United States Patent and Trademark Office Address: COMMISSIONER FOR PATENTS P.O. Box 1450 Alexandria, Virginia 22313-1450 www.uspto.gov

APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
10/586,035	12/19/2006	Adalbert Feltz	14219-119US1 1777 P2004,0032 U		
<sup>26161</sup> FISH & RICHA	7590 07/29/201 ARDSON PC	EXAMINER			
P.O. BOX 1022		HOBAN, MATTHEW E			
MINNEAPOLI	S, MN 55440-1022		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
			1793		
			NOTIFICATION DATE	DELIVERY MODE	
			07/29/2010	ELECTRONIC	

## Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

Notice of the Office communication was sent electronically on above-indicated "Notification Date" to the following e-mail address(es):

PATDOCTC@fr.com

		Application	No.	Applicant(s)			
Office Action Summary		10/586,035		FELTZ ET AL.			
		Examiner		Art Unit			
		Matthew E.	Hoban	1793			
The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address Period for Reply							
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 1 MONTH(S) OR THIRTY (30) DAYS, WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.  - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).							
Status							
1)⊠ Resn	onsive to communication(s) filed on 22	October 2008					
· <u> </u>		·	n-final				
′=	· <del></del>						
•	— 1						
closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.							
Disposition of	Claims						
<ul> <li>4) ☐ Claim(s) 1-25 is/are pending in the application.</li> <li>4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.</li> <li>5) ☐ Claim(s) is/are allowed.</li> <li>6) ☐ Claim(s) is/are rejected.</li> <li>7) ☐ Claim(s) is/are objected to.</li> <li>8) ☐ Claim(s) 1-25 are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.</li> </ul>							
Application Pa	pers						
9)∐ The s	pecification is objected to by the Examir	ner.					
10)∏ The di	rawing(s) filed on is/are: a)∏ ac	cepted or b)	objected to by the E	xaminer.			
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).							
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).							
11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.							
Priority under	35 U.S.C. § 119						
<ul> <li>12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).</li> <li>a) All b) Some * c) None of:</li> <li>1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.</li> <li>2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No</li> <li>3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).</li> <li>* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.</li> </ul>							
Attachment(s)  1) Notice of Re	ferences Cited (PTO-892)	4	l)	(PTO-413)			
2) Notice of Dra	oftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08)	5	Paper No(s)/Mail Da  Notice of Informal Pa  Other:	te			

Application/Control Number: 10/586,035 Page 2

Art Unit: 1793

## **DETAILED ACTION**

## Election/Restrictions

1. Restriction is required under 35 U.S.C. 121 and 372.

This application contains the following inventions or groups of inventions which are not so linked as to form a single general inventive concept under PCT Rule 13.1.

In accordance with 37 CFR 1.499, applicant is required, in reply to this action, to elect a single invention to which the claims must be restricted.

Group I, claim(s) 1-20 and 24, drawn to a ceramic material.

Group II, claim(s) 21 and 25, drawn to a piezo-actuator.

Group III, claim(s) 22-23, drawn to a method of making a ceramic material.

2. The groups of inventions listed above do not relate to a single general inventive concept under PCT Rule 13.1 because, under PCT Rule 13.2, they lack the same or corresponding special technical features for the following reasons:

The general inventive concept of the instant claims is that of the ceramic material as seen in claim 1, wherein the ceramic material is a combination of two or more ceramic materials wherein at least one is a PZT ceramic and another is a material of cryolite structure. Reference was made to the specification to determine the cryolite structure sought, as double perovskites (cryolite structure) are known in a variety of different materials. The materials sought are those alkaline earth-niobates having said structure. The instantly claimed PZT-cryolite ceramics are however known within the art. Thereafter, such a general inventive concept does not signify a 'special inventive feature' as said concept does not teach beyond what is already known within the art of record. Such teachings can be found for example in EP-0344978 (See IDS). This piece of literature teaches a material having the form of Pb<sub>1-a</sub>M<sub>a</sub>(Mg<sub>1/3</sub>Nb<sub>2/3</sub>)<sub>x</sub>Ti<sub>y</sub>Zr<sub>z</sub>O<sub>3</sub>, which is a mixture of the three piezoelectric materials PZT-PMN and finally M(Mg<sub>1/3</sub>Nb<sub>2/3</sub>)O<sub>3</sub>. The final material is the parent structure of all of the cryolite structures claimed having magnesium as the B element, where this formula converts to M<sub>4</sub>(Mg<sub>1/3</sub>Nb<sub>2/3</sub>)O<sub>3</sub>. Thereafter, this document shows the form of cryolite minerals (double perovskites) having an x value of 1. Of course, this value would necessarily

Art Unit: 1793

change based on the atmospheric conditions and temperature disposed on the material as this ultimately affects the number of vacancies in the material. A material is thermodynamically incapable of having 0 vacancies about absolute zero. Thereafter, the materials claimed are known in the prior art and cannot represent a special technical feature. Restriction amongst the claimed groups is thus proper.

Applicant is advised that the reply to this requirement to be complete must include (i) an election of a species or invention to be examined even though the requirement may be traversed (37 CFR 1.143) and (ii) identification of the claims encompassing the elected invention.

The election of an invention or species may be made with or without traverse. To preserve a right to petition, the election must be made with traverse. If the reply does not distinctly and specifically point out supposed errors in the restriction requirement, the election shall be treated as an election without traverse. Traversal must be presented at the time of election in order to be considered timely. Failure to timely traverse the requirement will result in the loss of right to petition under 37 CFR 1.144. If claims are added after the election, applicant must indicate which of these claims are readable on the elected invention or species.

Should applicant traverse on the ground that the inventions have unity of invention (37 CFR 1.475(a)), applicant must provide reasons in support thereof.

Applicant may submit evidence or identify such evidence now of record showing the inventions to be obvious variants or clearly admit on the record that this is the case.

Where such evidence or admission is provided by applicant, if the examiner finds one of the inventions unpatentable over the prior art, the evidence or admission may be used in a rejection under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) of the other invention.

Application/Control Number: 10/586,035

Art Unit: 1793

3. Applicant is reminded that upon the cancellation of claims to a non-elected invention, the inventorship must be amended in compliance with 37 CFR 1.48(b) if one or more of the currently named inventors is no longer an inventor of at least one claim remaining in the application. Any amendment of inventorship must be accompanied by a request under 37 CFR 1.48(b) and by the fee required under 37 CFR 1.17(i).

Page 4

4. The examiner has required restriction between product and process claims.

Where applicant elects claims directed to the product, and the product claims are subsequently found allowable, withdrawn process claims that depend from or otherwise require all the limitations of the allowable product claim will be considered for rejoinder.

All claims directed to a nonelected process invention must require all the limitations of an allowable product claim for that process invention to be rejoined.

In the event of rejoinder, the requirement for restriction between the product claims and the rejoined process claims will be withdrawn, and the rejoined process claims will be fully examined for patentability in accordance with 37 CFR 1.104. Thus, to be allowable, the rejoined claims must meet all criteria for patentability including the requirements of 35 U.S.C. 101, 102, 103 and 112. Until all claims to the elected product are found allowable, an otherwise proper restriction requirement between product claims and process claims may be maintained. Withdrawn process claims that are not commensurate in scope with an allowable product claim will not be rejoined. See MPEP § 821.04(b). Additionally, in order to retain the right to rejoinder in accordance with the above policy, applicant is advised that the process claims should be amended during

in a loss of the right to rejoinder. Further, note that the prohibition against double patenting rejections of 35 U.S.C. 121 does not apply where the restriction requirement is withdrawn by the examiner before the patent issues. See MPEP § 804.01.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Matthew E. Hoban whose telephone number is (571) 270-3585. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday - Friday from 7:30 AM to 5 PM EST.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Jerry Lorengo can be reached on (571) 272-1233. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

/C. Melissa Koslow/ Primary Examiner, Art Unit 1793 /Matthew E Hoban/ Examiner, Art Unit 1793 Application/Control Number: 10/586,035

Page 6

Art Unit: 1793